Stanford | Environmental Health & Safety

RADIONUCLIDE SAFETY DATA SHEET

RADIONUCLIDE: Au-198

FORMS: Soluble

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

HALF-LIFE: 2.7 days

DECAY EMISSIONS

Gammas / X-rays		Betas / Positrons (+) / Electrons*		Alphas	
E (keV)	%	E (keV, Ave)	%	E (keV)	%
412	96	315	99		
71	1	328*	3		
		79	1		

- Only 4 most probable emissions per decay type included. Emissions below 10 keV or 1% excluded.

STANFORD HAZARD CATEGORY

C – level (low hazard): **≤ 20 mCi**
B – level (moderate hazard): **> 20 mCi, ≤ 1 Ci**
A – level (high hazard): **> 1 Ci**

EXTERNAL RADIATION HAZARDS

Gamma dose rate, point source at 1 ft, 1 mCi:
2.29 mrem/h

Beta dose rate to skin, point source at 1 ft, 1 mCi:
460 mrem/h

Contamination skin dose, uniform deposit of 1 µCi per cm^2:
6200 mrem/h

INTERNAL RADIATION HAZARDS

Annual Limit on Intake: **1000 µCi** (Ingestion)
2000 µCi (Inhalation)

The values above indicate the activity taken into the body that would result in either 5 rem to the whole body (CEDE) or 50 rem to an organ or tissue (CDE).

SHIELDING

Gammas/X-rays:
10.5 mm of lead will reduce the gamma dose rate by 90%.

Betas/electrons:
3 mm of plastic will absorb all emissions. Bremsstrahlung may be created and require additional shielding.

DOSIMETRY AND BIOASSAY REQS

Whole-body and finger-ring dosimeters are required for handling **5 mCi** or more, or **1 mCi amounts weekly**. Urine assays may be required after large spills or contaminations.

SPECIAL PROBLEMS AND PRECAUTIONS:

1. Recommended survey probe: **PGM**
2. Always wear protective gloves, a lab coat, and safety eyewear to protect the skin and eyes from contamination. Change gloves often.
3. Survey work areas before, during, and after work. Work areas may require shielding to keep dose ALARA. Instrument and smear surveys are required.
4. Segregate waste to those with half-lives between **1 and 8 days**. Survey the waste disposal area to ensure exposure rates are less than 2 mR/hr at 1 foot.
5. Limit soluble waste to the sewer to less than **100** µCi/day per lab.

References:

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